

September 2, 2009

MEMORANDUM FOR: CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

FROM:

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SUBJECT:

Revised RESPA Examination Procedures

Background

The Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (RESPA) of 1974 requires lenders and mortgage brokers to provide borrowers with timely disclosures regarding the nature and costs of real estate settlement services in connection with a federally related mortgage loan. RESPA also prohibits certain practices such as the payment of fees in exchange for referrals of settlement service business. In 2008, the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) issued both technical and substantive amendments to the rule that implements RESPA.¹ The technical changes took effect on January 16, 2009 and substantive changes will take effect on January 1, 2010.

OTS has begun the process of updating its RESPA examination procedures to incorporate the changes made by the new RESPA rule. The revised examination procedures, which have been developed on an interagency basis, incorporate the technical changes that became effective on January 16, 2009. OTS will issue additional revisions to the examination procedures to incorporate the substantive changes to the RESPA regulations later this year. This memorandum provides an overview of the key provisions of the amended RESPA rule as well as a summary of the technical changes that are included in the revised examination procedures.

Overview of Amended RESPA Rule

• **Standardized Good Faith Estimate Form.** The centerpiece of the final rule is the establishment of a standard three-page Good Faith Estimate (GFE) form that is designed to allow borrowers to shop for a mortgage loan by comparing settlement costs and loan terms from various loan originators. The new GFE will be required as of January 1, 2010. A lender that chooses to provide the new GFE prior to January 1, 2010 will be subject to the

¹ 73 Fed. Reg. 68204 (Nov. 17, 2008).

tolerances and the other rules attendant to the new form and will have to ensure that the borrower is provided with the new HUD-1 at closing.

- **Binding GFE.** With white exceptions, the lender will be bound to the settlement charges and loan terms lister on the GFE. For interest rates, the lender will be required to indicate on the GFE the period dollar which a rate is available. After that period, the interest rate will float until locked. For settlement charges and all other loan terms, the lender will be required to honor the estimated set as ent charges and loan terms for at least ten business days from when the GFE is provide. The charge charge and terms in the GFE will be binding unless a new GFE is provided to the borne version to ettlement based on "changed circumstances" as defined in the rule.
- **Tolerances.** The final rule establishes 'tolerance." or limits on the amount certain settlement charges can vary at closing from the amounts stated on the GFE. The rule establishes three categories of settlement charges. The null category of charges is subject to a "zero tolerance" standard, meaning that the amounts to time ed on the GFE cannot vary at closing. The second category is subject to a ten percent increase a settlement from the *total* of those charges may not exceed a ten percent increase a settlement from the *total* of those charges stated on the GFE. The third category is subject to no restriction, meaning that the total can change at closing. If a lender exceeds the tolerance of any overcharge within 30 days of the settlement date.
- **Revised Settlement Statement**. The rule also includes a revised HUD-14.4 Settlement Statement form that will be required as of January 1, 2010. To facilitate completion between the HUD-1 and the GFE, each designated line on the HUD-1/1A includes a reference to the relevant line from the GFE. Inadvertent or technical errors on the HUD-1/1A will not be deemed to be a violation of RESPA if a revised HUD-1/1A is provided to the borrower within 30 days of settlement.

Technical Revisions to the RESPA Examination Procedures

The revised RESPA Examination Procedures reflect the following technical changes to the RESPA regulations that became effective on January 16, 2009:

- **Streamlined Initial Servicing Disclosure Statement.** The RESPA rule revised the mortgage servicing disclosure requirements by shortening the initial servicing disclosure statement provided to loan applicants.
- **Updated Escrow Account Regulations.** The rule eliminated provisions in the escrow account regulations regarding the phase-in period for the national standard accounting method known as aggregate accounting, because the phase-in period to adopt the method has expired.
- Average Charge. All settlement service providers, including lenders, are permitted to list the "average charge" for a settlement service rather than the exact cost for that service on the GFE and the HUD-1. The method of determining the average charge is

left up to the discretion of the settlement service provider. The provider must recalculate the average many e at least every six months. The average charge is permitted only for third part words charges and not for a provider's own internal charges. The average charge also a not be red where the charge is based on the loan amount or value of the property.

• ESIGN Applicable ty to F. She Disclosures. The rule clarifies that electronic disclosures permitted presume to the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (ESIGN).

The revised Examination Handbook, Section 1320 available through the link provided below. Please contact Rhonda L. Daniels, senior cogram Analyst, at (202) 906-7158 if you have questions.

Link: Handbook Section 1320

